MAY 23, 1766. THE No 783.

VIRGINIA GAZETTE.

With the freſheſt ADVICES, FOREIGN *and* DOMESTICK.

From the St. James's Chronicle *of March* 1766.

THOUGH the Houſe of Lords has but juſt received from the Commons the bill for a repeal of the Stamp Act, ready to paſs there, it would be an injury to the wiſdom and tenderneſs of their Lordſhips to doubt but they will haſten it for the Royal aſſent, as faſt as their forms will give leave, after it is brought up to them. On this fair proſpect of a good underſtanding, and of commerce reſtored between England and her colonies, who that has a heart ſenſible of a national bleſſing but is filled with joy? Such a heart muſt be ready to run over with gratitude to all whom it looks upon as inſtruments in this bleſſed work of reconciliation.

Mr. Pitt has been ſo uſed to do the moſt eminent ſervices to his country, at times when none but eminent ſervices could be of uſe to it, that his interpoſition in the preſent caſe is only one part of the common courſe of his actions; but it is a great ſetting out in a young Adminiſtration, and has given them a credit which, if they are ſo wiſe and well intentioned to increaſe, by removing ſome conſtitutional abuſes, that reach to Parliament, they may deſpiſe any confederacy between Lord Bute and his quondam, and preſent juncto. Miniſters, who ſtand firm on the good opinion of a nation, are out of the reach of harm from any who may cabal, or have favour elſewhere; or, at the worſt, their diſmiſſion this month, ſhould cabal and favour operate ſo far as to cauſe it, would only ſerve to replace them in power again, ſome few months after, with more credit, and with a ſtronger root.

It is hoped, whether their ſtay in power be longer or ſhorter, that before they leave it they will ſcrutinize Mr. Grenville's conduct, while he was the ſchemer of the miſchief he has occaſioned. They have papers and evidence of the ſteps he took in this moſt important affair; and if theſe ſhow that, in defiance of all remonſtrances, he went on, without the fear or care of conſequences, weakly and wilfully, and with even ſome arbitrary declarations, injurious to the honour of Parliament, and unbecoming the mouth of a Miniſter, who ſhould hear repreſentations with patience, and reply to them with decency at leaſt, the worthy part of the nation hopes that Miniſters of the ſame character will think it their duty, as they will find it their intereſt, to move for a cenſure upon him, not led to do ſo from a perſonal diſguſt, but a publick affection.

There is no doubt but his management had nearly drawn England and her colonies into hoſtilities, had really ſhut up commerce between them, the life of both, and this for a trifle. A much ſuperiour wiſdom, and a far better temper, ſaved us, and them, when we were, where his blindneſs and obſtinacy had puſhed us, at the very edge of the precipice. The nation has had, viſibly, a narrow eſcape. Is it fit a nation ſhould be preſerved by good fortune, as it were? If not, a Miniſter, who at any time has been the author of an imminent danger, by folly and perverſeneſs, fairly proved, ſhould have a mark of national diſapprobation authoritatively ſet upon him. The example would ſerve to awe, and all puniſhment is meant for terrour. If the law of reaſon is never to take place on an offender whom the written law cannot reach, a ſtate lives too much at the mercy of thoſe who adminiſter it. An incapacity for further employment ſeems the gentleſt method, next to impunity, of letting Mr. Grenville off; and an addreſs, the ſofteſt way of obtaining this end. There are very few, I believe, who do not wiſh to ſee him diſabled from doing them any more miſchief.

Would he indeed be pleaſed to withdraw himſelf, and take a trip to Bath with Anti Sejanus, his advocate, and promiſe not to trouble his poor head with matters of ſtate, which it does not ſeem fit for, any more, he might probably be let alone for any thing the people would have to ſay againſt it; who, for a little ſhame in any party, are generally ready to forgive the greateſt injuries he may at any time have done them.

But whether Mr. Grenville thinks, or not, of atoning for all his wrong conduct by a modeſt retreat, Anti Sejanus has made his in another manner, and left the publick ſtage, as he entered upon it, with all the accompliſhments of forehead. Falſe aſſertion! Honour his manes; for to thee, and to thee only, he was faithful. *A te principium, tibi deſinit.*

CATO's SOLILOQUY imitated.

SCENE *the Senate Houſe in B——n.* AMERICA *ſola, ſitting in a thoughtful poſture. In her hand the r—ſ—lves of the H—ſe. The S—p Act on the table by her.*

IT muſt be ſo—my ſons, ye reaſon well!
Elſe whence this pleaſing hope, this fond deſire,
This ſtruggle for expiring Liberty?
Or whence this general dread, and deep-felt horrour,
Of falling into ſlavery? A Briton ſhrinks
Back on himſelf, and ſtartles at a chain.
'Tis the Divinity that ſtirs within him,
'Tis Heaven itſelf points out his birthright to him,
And intimates fair Liberty to man.
Fair Liberty! thou amiable form!
From what vile ſtratagems haſt thou eſcap'd!
Through what new dangers art thou ſtill to paſs!
The dire, th' alarming proſpect, lies before me,
While miniſterial maxims cloud the ſcene.
Here will I hold. If there's a George in Britain,
(And that there is his thundering fleets proclaim
Through every clime) he muſt delight in Freedom,
And that which he delights in muſt prevail.
(But why this land was made for—— or ——
I'm weary of conjectures—here I'll end them.)
* Behold, dear Liberty, thy death and life,
Thy bane and antidote, are both before me.
This in a moment ſtabs thee to the heart,
But *this* aſſures me thou ſhalt ſtill ſurvive.
Still conſcious of exiſtence, may thou ſmile
At the vain project, and defy the chains.
Kingdoms ſhall fade away, proud France herſelf
Decline with age, and B—— ſink in years;
But thou ſhalt flouriſh in theſe weſtern climes,
Unhurt, nor heed the jars of eaſtern realms,
The ſhock of Emp-es and the cruſh of —.

* *Pointing to the S—p A-t, and to the R-ſ-lves.*

LONDON, *March* 6.

A LADY of faſhion, who ſubſcribes both to Mrs. Cornelys's and Mr. Almack's, and who is remarkable for what the French call the *Jeu d' Eſprit*, being aſked the other day, by a great perſonage, her opinion of each place, readily replied, "Going to Almack's, Sir, is only like going to church, but going to Mrs. Cornelys's is going to Heaven at once."

Laſt Saturday an experiment in electricity was performed, before a number of Gentlemen, on a woman belonging to St. Andrew's workhouſe above the Bars, who had for above ſix weeks loſt her ſpeech, and was troubled with convulſion fits; when, after two or three ſtrokes in the mouth, ſhe ſoon recovered her ſpeech, and the convulſion fits left her.

Sunday morning laſt, a little before three o'clock, a match of marbles was played under the piazza of Covent Garden, by the light of 22 links (by ſeveral bucks well known in that circle) for 20 guineas a ſide, which they had prudence enough to put into the hat of one of their link attendants, with which he made off, leaving the game to be determined juſt as they pleaſed.

They write from Paris that a great number of Canada bills, to the amount of between 30 and 40,000 l. ſterling, have already been preſented at the proper office, in order to be regiſtered, purſuant to the late order of Court; which had occaſioned a conſiderable riſe in the price of thoſe bills.

They write from Jamaica that his Majeſty's ſloop the Druid was deſpatched to Campeachy to demand the delivery of an Engliſh ſchooner carried in there by a Spaniſh cruiſer, on pretence of illicit trade.

They write from Barbadoes that all the Engliſh priſoners and ſhipping lately detained at Cape Francois have been diſcharged, through the ſpirited conduct of Admiral Tyrrel.

It is ſaid part of the troops now ſtationed at New York are ordered by the laſt packet to be embarked for St. John's, Newfoundland, and to form a garriſon on the weſt end of the iſland during the fiſhing ſeaſon.

They write from Penſacola that a French ſhip from St. Domingo, laden with muſkets, gunpowder, and Indian ſtores, bound to the Miſſiſippi, has been run on ſhore on the Florida coaſt, to the weſtward of the Cape and loſt, with moſt of her cargo.

Iriſh ſalt beef and pork ſold at Antigua for three pounds twelve ſhillings per hundred weight, and moſt other proviſions advanced in proportion, when the laſt letters came from thence; there is ſaid to be a great ſcarcity at Barbadoes.

Laſt night a man, who was amuſing ſome company at the Blue Laſt alehouſe, London Wall, with dexterity of hand, borrowed a ſilver watch from one of them, which he ſaid he would convert into a live pidgeon; when retiring a little to prepare the exhibition, he made a puſh into the ſtreet, and though purſued up Coleman ſtreet, got clear off with his booty.

We are informed that the King of Pruſſia's ſpirited memorial to a certain Republick will ſoon be followed by one from England, equally animated, relative to Surinam.

Publick affairs both at home and abroad carry ſuch a ſerene aſpect that it ſeems probable there will be a long continuance of pacifick meaſures, to the ſatisfaction of all ranks of people.

By a Gentleman arrived from the Eaſt Indies, we are informed of the following manœuvre in the military way performed by Colonel Monro, when General in Chief of the Britiſh forces in India, in order to bring the forces of the Nabob enemy to action. The Britiſh army, including ſeapoys, conſiſted only of about 7000; the Nabob's of between 70 and 80,000, and ſtrongly intrenched. Although the Colonel had encamped his men very nigh them, and uſed ſeveral ſtratagems to bring them out, yet ſeveral weeks were ſpent to no purpoſe. To retreat he could not, as proviſions were ſpent; to attack the enemy, he did not chooſe. At laſt he gave orders for the army to march off about XII at night, to leave their tents ſtanding, and camp entire; at the ſame time, as a bait, ſtrewing along the camp plate, monies, and ſeveral European articles of value, that belonged to himſelf and other officers. When this order was given, he then marched his army a little diſtance out of ſight of the enemy, and ordered parties to right and left, with ſome pieces of cannon, that in caſe the enemy moved to be ready to flank them. The ſcheme had the deſired effect. In the morning no out guards, nor no perſon being ſeen about the Britiſh camp, the Aſiatick horſe came out by [illegible], finding the camp deſerted; and ſeeing the plate, monies, &c. concluded the retreat was real, and diſmounted. Plunder then induced the foot to come forward, and leave their ſtrong hold. The Minden hint was given, and obeyed; right and left of the Britiſh army came forward, and galled them with grape ſhot, while the centre did the ſame; the horſes that were diſmounted took fright, ran off, and trod down many, while the leaders of the foot, unable to form them, ſo as to come to action, were obliged to leave the field. In this manner was one of the greateſt victories obtained in India that ever Britiſh forces were concerned in.

March 13. Letters from Naples adviſe that there has been found in a niche of the temple of Iſis, among the ruins of the ancient city of Pompeia, lately diſcovered, a ſtatue of Greek marble, upwards of three palms in height, repreſenting a Bacchus with golden locks, and crowned with ivy and grapes of a natural colour, on the baſe of which are theſe words: *N. Popidius Ampliatus Pater P. S.*

It is ſaid that the Right Hon. the Lord Lyttleton will be appointed Lord Privy Seal, in the room of his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle.

We hear that the preſent patriotick Adminiſtration, amongſt other beneficial ſchemes at preſent under conſideration, have the three following: One for taking off the exciſe upon the makers of cider, and laying a duty on the venders only, to be collected by the pariſh officers; and the other for reducing the exciſe upon ſeveral of the neceſſaries of life, for the benefit of the poor; and alſo to make the exciſe laws in general leſs burthenſome to the ſubject.

They write from Rochelle that a bounty of two livres twelve ſous per quintal is to be paid this ſeaſon on all cod fiſh imported from Newfoundland, as an encouragement for carrying on the French fiſhery to the greateſt advantage.

Extract of a letter from Rome, *dated Feb.* 22, 1766.

"The mode of thinking, if I may be allowed the expreſſion, has greatly altered in this country within theſe few years, by men of ſtudy applying themſelves to the attainment of the Engliſh language and literature. Prejudices have been ſo leſſened thereby that it is now no longer deemed extraordinary that men ſhould take the liberty of judging for themſelves, and the vile ſpirit of perſecution is every where abating.

" The abſolute refuſal to acknowledge the ſon of the late Pretender by this Court is a conduct oppoſite to that of former times. The affair was carried ſo far that a few of the Roman Nobility, who had viſited that Gentleman, and given him the title of his father, were reprimanded on that account; and an order was iſſued, enjoining all ranks of perſons not to preſume to treat him in any reſpect otherwiſe than as a private man.

" This government allowed his father twelve thouſand ſcudi a year [a ſcudi is worth about 5 ſhillings Engliſh] and ſix thouſand more, under the title of a free gift. The late Pope granted the 12,000 to Cardinal York for his life, after the deceaſe of his father; which of courſe is now become his property, and it is ſaid has been given by him to his brother. The 6000 are wholly withdrawn.

" On the Gentleman's firſt arrival here, the French Ambaſſadour, though not in that character, made application that he ſhould be acknowledged; and it was the general opinion here that his Court would, at leaſt ſecretly, have backed it: But an expreſs being now arrived, the Ambaſſadour has declared that his Court refuſes to meddle in the affair.

" A memorial has been preſented to the Pope by Cardinal York, ſetting forth the pretenſions of his brother. It is not worth the poſtage, or I would have ſent you a copy of it. One particular circumſtance, however, is mentioned in it, that at the end of Queen Anne's reign perſons were ſent by her to offer the Crown to the Pretender, in caſe he would embrace the Proteſtant religion."

Number 34 is the laſt new favourite toaſt of the friends to the American colonies.

We hear the ſtoreſhips and men of war at Gibraltar are ordered to remain there, for the accommodation of the inhabitants, who may have occaſion to reſide on board, until their houſes damaged by the late ſtorm are prepared to receive them.

According to advices received by the Weſt India packet, the French are ſaid to be forming immenſe ſtore magazines at their iſlands of St. Lucia, Martinico, and Guadaloupe.

Letters from St Kitt's mention that the French inhabitants of Old Cape St. Lewis, at Hiſpaniola, had made a ſecond inſurrection, more dangerous than the firſt; and that a detachment from Martinico were upon the point of ſetting out, in order to quell them.

In order to encourage the ſettlement of St. John's iſland, Newfoundland, we hear it is now under conſideration to grant the inhabitants a bounty of two ſhillings ſterling per quintal on cod fiſh, which ſhall be actually cured on the place and exported to European markets.

Her Grace the Dutcheſs of Norfolk for ſome time paſt has cauſed a large quantity of bread to be diſtributed weekly among the poor in the neighbourhood of Worksop manor, which charity it is ſaid ſhe will continue until Eaſter. Her Grace has alſo given blankets and coverlids to many poor people in that neighbourhood.

INTELLIGENCE EXTRAORDINARY.

There is much talk at preſent of the late meeting of a famous *Triumvirate*, in a houſe which overlooks the Green Park. It is pretended by their ſeveral emiſſaries that the converſation turned ſolely upon a ſimple reconciliation, of private friendſhip, and a Chriſtian-like forgiveneſs and ſhaking of hands, in oblivion of paſt injuries and reſentment, without any mixture of politicks, except the *Stamp Act*. But others look upon this declaration as fineſſe, and think it highly improbable that three ſuch turbulent ſpirits could be brought to re-aſſemble together for any purpoſe but that hateful one of dancing again (like the witches in Macbeth) round the magick cauldron of confuſion and miſchief.

We hear an ingenious artiſt has a print ready for publication, about the meaning of which there is much gueſſing, doubting, and diſputing. It is entitled *The Inſuperable Difficulty*, and contains three figures ſtanding on a plaid carpet. The middle figure is that of a kind of mock hero, in great agitation, from being pulled on one hand by a man in a long gown and band, and on the other by a Lady, whoſe looks are full of anxiety. There are labels from all their mouths. On that of the figure in gown and band is written, *To Power*; on that of the Lady, *To Content*; and on that of the middle, or principal figure, are theſe words: *I am like an* Ass *between two ſtacks of hay, and ſo indeterminate in my choice that I ſhall certainly die without a fair taſte of either.*

They write from Bath that all the waters there would ſooner waſh the Ethiop white than recover poor Anti-Sejanus from the ſad condition he has lately fallen into, nor would all the waters of Lethe drown in oblivion his paſt *righteous* deeds, ſo that his caſe and *retreat* is thought truly deplorable; for, like *Richard* in the play, ſo hideous is he grown that it is ſaid the very dogs bark at him as he paſſes.

There has lately very publickly been made ſuch a diſcloſure of principles, relative to government, as people need but to be informed of to be able with certainty to pronounce in what ſchool of policy they had been imbibed, and from what country they were brought. They occaſion much talk, and many people to ſay that they wonder the Devil, in his character of a ſeducer, does not exerciſe more cunning for the concealing of the cloven foot.

BOSTON, *April* 28.

Extract of a letter from a Rev. Divine in London, *dated March* 3, 1766.

" Bleſſed be God the act is repealed, after a terrible ſtruggle. O that Boſton, that America may be truly thankful and humble, and frugal, and not inſult the Parliament in their rejoicings; for this would render you odious to thoſe who have been your firm friends. Thus much I am authoriſed by Dr. C——r to write, who was deſired by the Miniſtry to write to his friends to the ſame purpoſe."

A merchant in London, in a letter of the 4th of March, writes to the following purport: That Governour Bernard's papers, ſetting forth the bad conſequences of impoſing the Stamp Act, were ſmuggled by Mr. Grenville, and never intended to be laid before the Parliament; and that Governour Bernard's conduct was greatly called in queſtion for want of ſpirit, but thoſe letters coming to light (which are really well wrote) turned the tide of affairs again in his favour."

Another letter from London ſays: " Mr. Bernard's letters to the publick offices here have been read in both Houſes of Parliament, and have not only done great credit to himſelf, but contributed much to the repeal of the Stamp Act."

NEW YORK, *May* 1.

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in London, *to his friend in* New York, *dated Feb.* 27.

" I can now with great pleaſure give you joy of a happy event that will undoubtedly take place next Tueſday. You will hear from all hands that a motion was made to bring in a bill to repeal the Stamp Act; that after a long debate the Houſe divided, when a majority of 108 appeared in our favour. The bill was yeſterday read the firſt time, will be again read to day and on Tueſday paſs.

" This muſt be joyful news indeed on your ſide of the water. But be it your taſk, my dear Sir, who have been greatly inſtrumental in uniting your countrymen in the great cauſe! It is now expected from you that you uſe your influence to prevail upon them to mix diſcretion with this great joy, that you do not exult as conquerors, but receive the bleſſing (now confirmed to you) with thankfulneſs and gratitude. The eyes of all Europe will be upon you, on this great occaſion. It therefore behoves all thoſe who have any influence to exert themſelves in inculcating a becoming decent behaviour, a behaviour that will do honour to your friends, and cauſe your enemies to ſtand abaſhed.

" You owe much to the preſent honeſt Adminiſtration; and to the great names of PITT and CAMDEN may be added many ſtaunch friends, among whom ſtand foremoſt a Trecothick and a Hanbury, names that ought to be revered from one end of the continent to the other: Their cloſe attendance, and unwearied diligence, have certainly been greatly inſtrumental in bringing about this happy event. But this is not the only good intended to America this ſeſſion: Trade is to be unfettered and extended, and every encouragement held forth to the honeſt and fair dealer. What a pleaſing topick have you now, my friend, to expatiate upon! Your ſenſible and well timed American papers were as well received by friends to America here as with you, and were properly diſpoſed of. It is therefore hoped you will again exert your abilities in rooting out all kind of animoſity, and ſowing the ſeeds of gratitude, harmony, and reciprocal affection. This will rivet you in the eſteem of your countrymen, as well as all friends to the cauſe on this ſide of the water.

" Our worthy friend Mr. Franklin has gained immortal honour by his behaviour at the bar of the Houſe; the anſwerer was always found equal, if not ſuperiour, to the queſtioner. He ſtood unappalled, gave pleaſure to his friends, and did honour to his country.

" If the letters are not taken away this evening, I will add the occurrence of the day.

" Since writing the foregoing, I have received a copy of a letter wrote by the Committee of North American merchants, which contain their ſentiments; they are ſentiments of true friends, and deſerve the utmoſt attention.

" I am deſired to incloſe this copy to you, and I doubt not you will make a proper uſe of it."

PHILADELPHIA, *May* 1.

From Bermuda we hear that about the beginning of February laſt Captain Jones, from Antigua, bound for North Carolina, was drove on that iſland in a diſtreſſed condition. The affair is as follows: The ſloop ſailed from Antigua in October, with Captain Jones, one Williams the owner, the mate, 3 ſeamen, 3 Negro men, and between twenty and thirty Negro women and children on board. After being at ſea ſome time, they had all their ſails tore to pieces, that it was impoſſible to make any way, and they were left to the mercy of the ſeas. In this condition, and in want of proviſions, they were put to the neceſſity of eating one of the dead Negro children, which ſo exaſperated the Negroes on board that they fell on the crew, killed Mr. Williams and the mate, cut them in pieces and threw them overboard, wounded the Captain in a terrible manner; but he taking to the ſhrouds, where they followed him, then ſlipping down the gib ſtay, got into the hold unperceived, and lay there until the ſloop got to Bermuda, which was the next day. The Captain, it is thought, will recover; but one of the ſeamen, who was much wounded, died ſoon after he got aſhore; the other two ſeamen eſcaped unhurt, by hiding in the hold until the bloody rage of the Negroes was cooled, when they called them up, and told one of them to be Captain: Thus did the unhappy crew fare, after being at ſea 15 weeks, 40 days of which almoſt without proviſions. When the Negroes and ſailors landed, they were ſo reduced that they were forced to be carried to lodgings provided for them.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 23.

The Northern poſt not coming in, and no arrivals ſince our laſt, is the reaſon that this week's paper is not ſo well ſtocked with news as we could wiſh. However, as we can aſſure our readers that we ſhall never ſpare any pains to procure all the intelligence poſſible, we flatter ourſelves they will make proper allowance for a barren paper, and not attribute the ſame to any neglect in us.

The following was ſent by a Gentleman in London to his friend in Virginia, who has favoured us with a copy of it.

At a meeting of the Committees of the Weſt India *and* North American *merchants, at the* King's Arms *tavern, March* 10, 1766.

AGREED, unanimouſly, that ſuch points as are adjuſted at this meeting ſhall have the general concurrence and aſſiſtance of the whole trade on both ſides to carry them into execution.

Agreed, that the duty on foreign moloſſes imported into North America be reduced to one penny ſterling per gallon, and that every poſſible method be adopted to enforce the full and juſt collection of the duty.

Agreed, that the free importation of foreign rum to North America continue to be prohibited.

Agreed, that foreign ſugars, coffee, and cocoa, be allowed to be imported, as articles of commerce, into thoſe places of North America where regular cuſtom-houſes are eſtabliſhed, there to be lodged in warehouſes under the care of the King's officers, with liberty to export them to any part of Europe, under ſuch regulations as Adminiſtration may judge proper; if landed in Great Britain, to be depoſited, free of duty, in the King's warehouſes, until exported.

Agreed, that foreign cotton and indigo be allowed to be imported into North America, and the Britiſh iſlands, merely as articles of commerce, free of duty, and to be exported from thence to Great Britain only, under the regulation of enumerated articles.

Agreed, that the conſumption of foreign ſugar be permitted in North America, on payment of a duty of 5 s ſterling per hundred.

Agreed, that all ſugars imported into Great Britain from North America be deemed foreign.

The duty of ſeven ſhillings per hundred on Engliſh coffee, and a halfpeny per pound on pimento, be taken off. Duty on wines to be altered.

PORTSMOUTH, *May* 20. Doctor David Purcel, Preſident, at a general meeting of the principal inhabitants of this town, was celebrated with the greateſt harmony, friendſhip, and joy, on the happy accommodation of all differences between Great Britain and her colonies. After dining in the Common Hall, the following toaſts were drunk, under a diſcharge of many cannon, diſplay of colours, ſound of trumpets, French-horns, and drums, with bonefires and illuminations. The whole was conducted with the utmoſt order and decorum.

1. His Moſt Sacred Majeſty, and Royal Conſort.
2. The Prince of Wales.
3. Duke of York and the Navy.
4. The memory of the Duke of Cumberland.
5. The Illuſtrious Five.
6. Mr. PITT.
7. Lord Mansfield.
8. Mr. Secretary Conway.
9. Lord Camden.
10. General Howard.
11. Colonel Barre.
12. To all friends of America.
13. May the intereſt of Great Britain and America be ever inſeparable.
14. May the free Sons of Liberty ever enjoy their rights and privileges.
15. May America greatly flouriſh, and be an honour to its Mother Country.
16. May the enemies of Great Britain never eat the bread thereof.
17. The Governour and Colony of Virginia.
18. The Virginia Manufactory.
19. May the enemies of America have no better ſubſiſtence than creehaans and bonny-clabber.
20. May no diſputes hereafter ariſe, but that of knowing whether the Mother loves her Children, or the Children their Mother, beſt.

☞ *The Cuſtomers of the* Virginia *Gazette will pleaſe obſerve that the Price thereof is reduced to* 12 *ſ.* 6*d. a Year.*

Cleared from the diſtrict of Accomack.

April 28. Friendſhip, Abraham Outten, for Philadelphia, with 5000 pipe ſtaves, 1000 barrel ſtaves, and 100 wt. of tallow.

May 1. Dolphin, Samuel Dunſcomb, for Antigua, with 1400 buſhels of corn, 14 barrels of pork, 14 buſhels of peaſe, 40 ſhoats, and 16 barrels of bread.

6. Elizabeth, Benjamin Hammond, for N. Carolina, with 1500 buſhels of ſalt, 2 tierces and 1 barrel of European goods, and 12 barrels of bread.

7. Alicey, James Wharton, for Philadelphia, with 250 buſhels of corn, 26 buſhels of oats, 5 bags of feathers, 22 buſhels of wheat, 11 barrels of pork, 1 box of tallow, and 6000 barrel and 3000 hhd. ſtaves.

9. Polly, Joſeph Swaſey, for Rhode Iſland, with 3 tuns of black walnut, 8000 barrel ſtaves, 12 horſes, and proviſions for the veſſel's uſe.

Advertiſements.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 21, 1766.

HIS Honour the Governour, with the advice of his Majeſty's Council, having this day been pleaſed to honour me with his commiſſion appointing me Treaſurer of this colony until the end of the next ſeſſion of Aſſembly, in the room of JOHN ROBINSON, Eſq; deceaſed, I take this method of notifying the ſame to the publick. I ſhall immediately enter upon the duties of my office, moſt cordially diſpoſed, and with a firm unalterable reſolution to exert my utmoſt endeavours to do equal juſtice to my country and to the memory of my late worthy predeceſſor. As I underſtand, for I have not yet had time to examine the ſtate of the Treaſury, that many ſheriffs, as well as others, are greatly in arrear, I hereby call upon them in the warmeſt and moſt earneſt manner to come to immediate ſettlements, and hope for the future that they will regularly account with the Treaſury at the ſeveral times preſcribed by law; otherwiſe, however averſe my natural diſpoſition may be to any kind of rigour, the duty of my office, and the juſtice which is due to the country, will conſtrain me to uſe every method to enforce a compliance.

I am very ſenſible that nothing leſs than a faithful, conſcientious diſcharge of my duty in this important office can or ought to entitle me to the countenance of my countrymen, whoſe well known inclinations to juſtice, I am perſuaded, will induce them to ſuſpend their opinions of my conduct, if it ſhould hereafter in any inſtance be impeached, until I have an opportunity of explaining it to thoſe who have a right to call upon me.

If I ſhould be fortunate enough to give the wiſhed for ſatisfaction to the publick, I ſhall think myſelf extremely happy, and own that I then ſhall not be without ſome hopes of being continued in the office.

RO. C. NICHOLAS,
TREASURER.

*** It may be neceſſary, for the ſatisfaction of my clients, at preſent, at leaſt, to aſſure them that my engaging in this office ſhall in no ſort abate my uſual attention to the buſineſs which they have been pleaſed to favour me with. ROBERT CARTER NICHOLAS.

COROTOMAN, *May* 20, 1766.

A Perſon well recommended for his ſobriety and good behaviour, and is capable of teaching children to read and write, will meet with employment by applying to

CHARLES CARTER.

THE ſhip BRISTOL, *John Young* maſter, for *Briſtol*, now lying at *Cumberland*, will certainly ſail on or before the 16th of *June* next. There are good accommodations for paſſengers, who are deſired to apply to the ſaid maſter on board, or Meſſ. *Burnley* and *Braikenridge* in *Hanover*.

YORK town, *May* 21, 1766.

ALL perſons who have any claim againſt the eſtate of *William Corridon*, dec. are deſired to make them known to the ſubſcriber before the 1ſt of *Auguſt* next, to prevent any diſputes that may hereafter ariſe. 2‖ JAMES MITCHELL.

NORFOLK Borough, *May* 8, 1766.

WHEREAS my brother *Joſeph Calvert* hath taken on him the ſale of goods at publick ſale, as well as private, I do oblige myſelf, and my heirs, *&c.* to be his ſecurity as far as the ſum of 5000 l. for his faithful performance of any thing ſent to his care in that office.

MAXIMILIAN CALVERT.

N. B. He has alſo taken the oath for his faithful performance in that office.

I JOSEPH CALVERT, a Son of Liberty, &c. &c. &c. do give this publick notice that I have taken the oath, and given ſecurity agreeable to my laſt week's advertiſement, as per annexed advertiſement; which I hope the publick will think a better commiſſion than one that coſt Mr. T——d 40 s. beſides the clerk's fee; which commiſſion he has ſince returned, knowing it would not be worth any thing while I acted by the commiſſion I now have. And now acquaint the publick that I have convenient ſtorehouſes in the borough of *Norfolk* for the reception of any ſort of goods, which I will diſpoſe of either at publick or private ſale for a very reaſonable commiſſion. I will likewiſe receive and forward goods, ſent as well from one part of the colony to another, as to and from any part of the continent, *Britain*, or the *Weſt Indies*; alſo, that as enſurances are often made in this place, that I do act as Enſurance Broker, and keep an office for that purpoſe. And as I am convenient for, and do deal in the rum and ſugar way, I will purchaſe, chooſe, ſee gauged, and ſhip off, on caſh or credit, commiſſion at one penny per gallon on rum, and ſixpence per hundred on ſugar, for any perſon, upon producing a letter from a principal merchant that attends the General Court, making themſelves liable for the payment thereof. Any Gentlemen who are pleaſed to employ me may depend on my beſt endeavours for their intereſt.

N. B. Read my late advertiſement of the 2d and 9th inſtant, then this.

Wanted immediately,

A RIDER to go from *Hanover* town to *Fredericksburg*, by the way of *Todd's* ridge. Any perſon willing to undertake the ſame, who can produce certificates of his honeſty and ſobriety, and give ſecurity for his true and faithful performance, will meet with good encouragement by applying at the Poſt Office in *Williamſburg*, the Poſt Office in *Hanover* town, or the Poſt Office in *Fredericksburg*.

ELIAS BOOTH, who ſerved his time to an eminent wool-comber in the city of *Norwich*, and afterwards went abroad, but returned about the year 1725 or 1726, and in a few months afterwards returned to *Virginia*, where, by letters to his friends in *England*, he gives an account of his being married to a daughter of one *Demiſſy*, and of his having a ſon by her named *William* (who, if to be alive, muſt now be 35 or 36 years of age, and very likely married or ſettled ſomewhere near *Williamſburg*). If the ſaid *Elias Booth*, his ſon *William*, or any of his children, will apply to *Samuel Metcalf* in *King* and *Queen* county, they may hear of ſomething greatly to their advantage.

THIS is to give notice that the late partnerſhip of *John Montgomrey*, *John Hunter*, and *John Hunt*, was diſſolved the 1ſt day of *February* laſt. All perſons indebted to the ſaid company are deſired to make ſpeedy payment to the ſubſcriber, or they will be ſued without further notice.

JOHN KERR, & C°

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of Mr. LAWSON BURFOOT, deceaſed, by bond or otherwiſe, are deſired to make payment to the executor before the 15th of *June* next, as he is under a neceſſity to pay away a conſiderable ſum at that time; which will prevent his putting the law in execution againſt them, and much oblige their humble ſervant, JOHN FERGUSSON.

To be LET, *and may be entered on in* November *or* December *next*,

A Dwelling-Houſe, pleaſantly ſituated on *Shockoe* hill, with two good rooms and a fire place in each, all convenient out-houſes and garden, together with about 3[illegible] acres of Land, moſt of it very good, and a conſtant ſtream of water running through it, and a convenient ſpring.

2 FORTUNATUS SYDNOR.

HANOVER, *March* 1, 1766.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, a Negro fellow named JOSEE, rather inclined to a yellow than black complexion, pitted with the ſmallpox, about 27 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, well made, has a ſour ill natured countenance, and pretends to be a *Spaniard*, by his account born at *Comana*; he carried clothes with him which were new laſt fall, alſo ſome other old clothes; he has been uſed to go by water, and will probably endeavour to get on board ſome veſſel, in order to eſcape. Whoever brings the ſaid fellow to me ſhall have 5 l. if taken within the colony, and if out of it 10 l. Tf GEORGE THOMAS.

Run away from the ſubſcriber in New Kent, *ſome time in* Auguſt *laſt*,

A Negro Man named DAVID, who is of a middle ſtature, and about twenty one years of age. Whoever brings him to the ſubſcriber ſhall receive five pounds reward.

Tf P. DAVIES.

STOLEN from the ſubſcriber's plantation, in *Cheſterfield* county, near *Oſborne's* warehouſe, a horſe, about 4 feet 7 inches high, of a very remarkable colour, being almoſt white in the fall and winter, and when newly ſhed in the ſpring of a roaniſh ſorrel, and branded on the near buttock TF in a piece. Whoever brings, or contrives the ſaid horſe to me, ſhall have 40 s. reward.

2 EDWARD WILKINSON.

STRAYED from the ſubſcriber in *New Kent*, near *Armiſtead's* ordinary, on the 28th of *April* laſt, a dark bay horſe, 4 years old, about 4 feet 6 inches high, with a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, a ſnip on his noſe, a hanging mane and ſhort ſwitch tail, lately broke, paces well, and branded on the buttock and ſhoulder N; had on a croſs pinned yoke and very good bell, was bred at the *Picket Mountain* in *Auguſta*, and is gone that way. Went with him a bright bay ſtone colt, two years old, with a bald face extending to the left ſide under his jaw, has three white feet, but neither dockt nor branded. Whoever brings the ſaid horſes to me ſhall receive 40 s. for each.

‖ KEENE FOULKES.

TAKEN up by the ſubſcriber in *New Kent*, on the 14th inſtant, a ſmall Negro fellow, about 5 feet 6 inches high, about 25 years of age, has no beard, ſays his name is DANIEL, and that he belongs to one *Edward Hall* of *Auguſta* county. The owner may have him by applying to 2‖ SYLVANUS PRINCE.

TAKEN up, in *Iſle of Wight*, a black horſe, about 13 hands 3 inches high, paces and trots, but no brand; poſted, and appraiſed to 9 l.

DOLPHIN DREW.

LEFT by a runaway Negro of Col. *Tabb's*, at *Verina* ferry, the firſt day of *January*, but is now at the plantation of *Edward Folkes*, a large bay ſtallion, branded on the near ſhoulder S; has been poſted, and appraiſed to 9 l. The owner may have him of me, in *Cheſterfield* county.

2‖ EDWARD FOLKES, Sen.

TAKEN up, in *Bedford*, a middle ſized cheſtnut ſorrel horſe, with a bob tail, has but one eye, and branded on the near buttock T; poſted, and appraiſed to 5 l.

‖ RICHARD EDWARDS.

JAMES GALT,

Clock and Watch Maker, Gold and Silver Smith,

INFORMS the publick that he intends to remove from this city to *Shockoe*, near *Richmond* town, about the 20th of next month, where he purpoſes carrying on his buſineſs in all its branches; alſo jewellery. Thoſe Gentlemen who have employed him, and others that pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend upon having their work done in the neateſt manner, and neweſt faſhion.

N. B. He will keep clocks in repair by the year at a reaſonable rate.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 16, 1766.

For SALE, *on board the ſnow* Mally, *Captain* Iſaac Nunns, *juſt arrived at* Norfolk, *from* Lancaſter,

ABOUT 1500 buſhels of fine COALS (of equal goodneſs with *Newcaſtle*) for houſe or ſmith work, which will be ſold very reaſonable, if taken from alongſide the veſſel immediately.

BOLDEN, LAWRENCE, & C°

THE ſhip *Jeanny*, burthen 2[illegible] tuns, or thereabouts, *John Thomas* maſter, now lying at *Bath*, *North Carolina*, will take in goods, on liberty, for *London*, or be let on charter to any port in *Britain*. By applying to Mr. *Robert Chriſtian*, Capt. *Thomas* at *Bath*, or *Andrew Sprowle* at *Goſport*, terms may be known.

CHESTERFIELD, *May* 12, 1766.

I INTEND to leave this colony ſoon. 2‖ ROBERT ELAM.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt bidders, on* Thurſday *the 5th of* June *next*,

SEVERAL Lots on *King's* ſtreet, in the town of *Falmouth*. The ſale to be on the premiſes.

By the Truſtees. 2‖

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in *Prince George* county, a *Virginia* born yellow Negro named JEMMY, 22 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, and ſtoops with his ſhoulders; had on when he went away a new pair of oſnabrugs trouſers, cotton jacket, waiſtcoat and breeches, a hat, or Dutch cap, and uſually wears a leather apron. He lately belonged to *John Leonard*, blackſmith, in *Charles City* county, where probably he may be found, or in *James City*, where he was bred. Whoever apprehends the ſaid Negro, and delivers him at *Maycox*, ſhall have 3 l. reward, beſides what the law allows.

2 JOHN LAFOREY.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber at *Richmond*, on *James* river, the night of the 8th inſtant *(May)* two convict men. ANDREW YOUNG, by trade a weaver, an impudent fellow, 30 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches and a half high, wears his own ſhort hair, fair complexion, and is pock pitted; had on when he went away a brown coat, light blue waiſtcoat with livery lace, leather breeches, and ſtriped Holland ſhirt. JOHN MONROE, an apothecary, of a ſallow complexion, 27 years old, 5 feet 4 inches and a half high, wears a wig, black coat, dark blue waiſtcoat, dirty leather breeches, and ribbed ſtockings. Whoever brings the ſaid convicts to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have 40 s. reward for each.

PATRICK COUTTS.

TAKEN up, in *Prince Edward*, a ſorrel horſe, about 4 feet 7 or 8 inches high, branded on the near ſhoulder and buttock M, and on the off ſhoulder C; poſted, and appraiſed to 6 l.

‖ MATTHEWS FLOURNOY.

TAKEN up, in *Prince Edward*, a bay horſe, about 4 feet 9 inches high, with a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, his off fore foot partly white, has a large bell on, but no brand perceivable.

‖ NATHANIEL VENABLE.

TAKEN up, in *Prince Edward*, a light gray horſe, about 4 feet 6 inches high, branded on the near buttock I, and on the near jaw I[illegible]; poſted, and appraiſed to 5 l. ‖ ABRAHAM VENABLE.

NORFOLK, *May* 7, 1766.

THE ſubſcriber takes this method of acquainting the publick that he continues to do buſineſs in the commiſſion way, and ſells any goods ſent him either by private or publick ſale. He alſo returns his ſincere acknowledgments to thoſe Gentlemen who have favoured him with their commands, and hopes that his care, and the moderation of his charges, will recommend him to the continuance of their favours.

THOMAS HEPBURN.

The noted horſe

JOLLY ROGER

STANDS at my houſe this ſeaſon, and will cover at 20s. the leap, 40s. the ſeaſon, or 4l. to enſure. Any perſons that will ſend their mares, may depend upon their being taken great care of.

CHARLES HARRISON.

PRINCE GEORGE, *May* 1, 1766.

SMITHFIELD, *May* 5, 1766.

I INTEND to leave the colony

ſoon, for *Great Britain*.

JAMES RONALDSON.

ALL perſons indebted to the ſubſcribers, by bonds or open accounts, are deſired to make payment immediately, as they can expect no further indulgence. Thoſe who fail may depend their bonds, or accounts, will be put into an attorney's hands.

JAMES & HUGH BELSCHES.

WILLIAMSBURG, *May* 5, 1766.

WHEREAS the collector of the country duties upon liquors imported into the lower diſtrict of *James* river finds it extremely inconvenient to give the very long expected attendance to collect the duties due at the ſeveral courts, theſe are to inform the importers, and all others concerned, that the ſaid collector propoſes being in town about four days in each court, when he hopes thoſe who have failed ſettling wirh him at *Hampton* (which alone is the proper place) will not fail to finiſh their buſineſs within the time afore-mentioned.

To be SOLD *at* Suffolk, *on* Nanſemond *river*,

A QUANTITY of well drawn 18 inch cypreſs ſhingles, at 10s. a thouſand. Veſſels carrying upwards of 100,000 ſhingles may load at the wharf where they lie, and no delays or diſappointments can poſſibly happen, as a quantity will always be kept there ready for delivery. Any Gentlemen deſirous of having ſhingles got in a particular manner, may be ſupplied next winter on reaſonable terms, if orders are ſent between this and *October* to

4l JOHN WASHINGTON.

To be SOLD *to the higheſt bidder, at* Suſſex *court-houſe, on* Thurſday *the* 17*th of* July, *being court day*,

A TRACT of LAND, ſituate on the *Hunting Quarter* ſwamp, in SUSSEX county, containing 500 acres, within 3 miles of the courthouſe, 30 miles of *Peterſburg* and *Cabin Point*, and convenient to churches and 7 mills. There is on the ſaid plantation cleared land ſufficient to work 10 hands, a very convenient dwelling-houſe 28 feet by 26, with 5 rooms on the lower floor, two brick chimnies, underpinned with brick, and a very good cellar; a new kitchen underpinned, a good dairy, quarter, a 40 foot barn, and an orchard of 135 bearing apple trees. The ſoil of the land is very ſuitable for corn, indigo, hemp, and tobacco. One hundred and twenty pounds of the purchaſe money to be paid on the firſt day of *October* next, and twelve months, or a longer credit, as may be agreed upon at the day of ſale, will be allowed for the remainder, on giving bond and ſecurity. The above land is under mortgage to *James* and *Hugh Belſches*, who will make a title when required, being the land whereon I now live.

JOHN STEVENS.

To be SOLD *altogether, or in parcels*,

A TRACT of LAND on *James* river, adjoining *Hog Iſland* creek, whereupon are ſeveral plantations, and a moſt excellent marſh for a meadow, which, without fodder, or any other food, will keep cattle in high order and condition the whole winter, fatten hogs, &c. There is great plenty of oyſters, with good fiſhing and fowling. Propoſals will be received at *Hog Iſland*, by

Tf RANDOLPH HOLT.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, ſome time in *October* 1762, a Mulatto woman named VIOLET, about 30 years of age, of a middle ſtature, was born at *Princetown*, in the province of *New Jerſey*, very active, and pretends to be a free woman; ſhe has ſince been ſeen in company with one *James Lock*, ſomewhere upon the *Suſquehanna*, and by information was afterwards, in the year 1764, taken up, and committed to the gaol of *Frederick* town in *Maryland*, on ſuſpicion of her being run away, from whence ſhe is ſaid to have made her eſcape; ſhe then acknowledged that ſhe had belonged to the ſubſcriber, but being impoſed upon by being ſold a ſlave for life, run away, which is only an invention of her's, for ſhe was born a ſlave, and as ſuch was ſold to the ſubſcriber by the executors of her former maſter, one *Edward Bonnell*, late of *Freehold* in the county of *Monmouth*, and province aforeſaid, deceaſed, for the ſum of 90l. proc. money. She is now ſuppoſed to be ſomewhere in *Maryland*, *Virginia*, or *North Carolina*; ſhe is cunning and artful, and very probably may have changed her name, and will make her eſcape, if taken, unleſs great care is taken to ſecure her. Whoever ſhall take her up, and ſecure her in any gaol or priſon in *Maryland*, *Virginia*, *North Carolina*, or elſewhere, ſo that ſhe can be brought home, or ſold there, ſhall have the above reward paid to them by the Printer hereof, or ſubſcriber.

PHILIP KEARNY.

PERTH AMBOY, in *New Jerſey*, *March* 16, 1766.

By private or publick SALE,

THE lands on *Roſi*'s creek in *Brunſwick* county, poſſeſſed at preſent by *John Scarborough*, and belonging to the eſtate of *James Graham*, deceaſed. For terms inquire of Mr. *Charles Turnbull* in *Dinwiddie* county, or *Andrew Sprowle* in *Goſport*.

To be SOLD *at* Alexandria, *on* Monday *the* 16*th of* June, *being* Fairfax *court day*,

A LOT in the ſaid town well ſituated for trade, on which is a ſtorehouſe, and other improvements. Credit will be given until the *Oyer* court in *June* 1767, on bond with ſecurity given to Mr. *William Carr*, merchant in *Dumfries*, who is empowered to diſpoſe of the ſame for account of

WILLIAM BLACK.

TAKEN up, in *Hanover*, a dark bay mare, about 14 hands high, with a ſaddle ſpot near her withers, paces ſlow, but no brand perceivable; poſted, and appraiſed to 11l.

JOHN TODD BICKERTON.

TAKEN up, in *Orange*, a young dark bay ſmall horſe, branded on the near buttock 4I; poſted, and appraiſed to 40s.

WILLIAM BELL.

TAKEN up, in *Dinwiddie*, a likely young bright bay horſe, about 14 hands high, with a ſprig tail, a remarkable ſcar in his forehead, but no brand perceivable; poſted, and appraiſed to 12l.

JOHN JONES.

TAKEN up, in *Dinwiddie*, a ſorrel horſe, about 4 feet 5 inches high, about 12 years old, with a ſprig tail and hanging mane, has a white ſtreak down his face, ſome white ſpots about him, has had a fiſtula, had a bell on, and branded on the buttock C.

BATTY SMITH.

TAKEN up, in *Hanover*, a ſmall bay horſe, branded on the near buttock W; poſted, and appraiſed to 4l.

JOHN ANDERSON.

TAKEN up, a ſorrel mare, with a blaze face, one of her hind feet white, has a remarkable knot on her left leg, and branded EM; alſo a dark bay filly, with a ſtar in her forehead; poſted, and appraiſed to 10l.

WILLIAM OWEN.

TAKEN up, in *Amelia*, a black horſe, about 4 feet 6 inches high, with a ſtar in his forehead, a large ſcar ou his off hyp, a hanging mane and ſwitch tail, ſome white ſpots under each jaw, white ſpots on the pole of his neck, has a bell on, and branded on the near buttock R.

DAVID MOORE.

JONATHAN PROSSER,

TAILOR, *from* LONDON,

HUMBLY begs leave to inform Gentlemen, and others, that he has lately opened ſhop near Mr. *Thompſon*'s ſtore in *Williamſburg*. All Gentlemen that will favour him with their cuſtom may depend upon being expeditiouſly ſerved, their clothes well made, and that he will do every thing in his power to merit a continuance of their favours.

N. B. Ladies riding habits, and Gentlemens huſſar dreſſes, neatly made.

TAKEN up, in *Mecklenburg*, a ſorrel horſe, about 4 feet 8 or 9 inches high, with a ſtar in his forehead, has had a fiſtula, has been rowelled, and branded on the near ſhoulder W; poſted, and appraiſed to 6l.

THOMAS CARLTON.

TAKEN up, in *Albemarle*, a ſorrel mare, about 4 feet 8 inches high, with a blaze in her face, one of her hind feet white, and branded on the off ſhoulder WB in a piece; poſted, and appraiſed to 40s.

WILLIAM DOLTON.

TAKEN up, in *Dinwiddie*, about *April* 1764, a brindled bull yearling, unmarked, which was appraiſed to 25s.

WILLIAM WITHERS.

TAKEN up, in *Prince Edward*, a brown ſteer, about 5 years old, marked with a hole in the right ear, and a crop and under-keel in the left.

DRURY WATSON.

TAKEN up, in *Cumberland*, a dark bay mare, about 7 years old, 4 feet 6 inches high, with a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, a ſmall white ſtreak on her withers, but no brand diſcernible; poſted, and appraiſed to 6l.

BENJAMIN HARRIS.

To be SOLD, *or* RENTED *for a term of years*,

A FREEHOLD lot of ground in *Frederickſburg*, on *Rappahannock* river, *Virginia*, on which is a good ſtone ſtorehouſe, with large warehouſes, cellars, and other uſeful buildings, all in good repair, and the whole well paled round; the ſituation is near the river, in the moſt publick part of the town, and as for many years paſt a conſiderable trade has been carried on at the ſtore, it may be of advantage for a purchaſer who purpoſes to ſell *Weſt India* goods, or to buy tobacco, hemp, grain, ſkins, or butter, all which may be done to a great extent, the town of *Frederickſburg* being convenient to a large and well peopled back country. Time of payment, and other particulars, may be known by applying to

6l CHARLES YATES.

To be SOLD *at* Fredericksburg June *Fair*,

ABOUT twenty very valuable SLAVES, conſiſting of houſe ſervants, watermen, ſome tradeſmen and labourers, and among them three children, for caſh, or good bills of exchange. Credit will be given, upon good ſecurity, until *April* the 10th next, and five per cent. will be diſcounted for immediate payment. I will warrant an undoubted title, as ſome doubt may be raiſed by deſigning people to diſappoint the ſale, the greateſt part of them having been formerly mortgaged by Capt. *Thomas Danſie* to *William Lightfoot*, Eſq; deceaſed.

5 JOHN MERCER.

To be SOLD,

THE following tracts of land,

viz. One tract on which *Amherſt* court-houſe ſtands, containing 7800 acres; another tract containing 556 acres, lying on *Horſley*'s creek; alſo one other tract containing 1150 acres, on *Harris*'s creek, in the ſaid county: The land will be laid off in lots, as may ſuit the purchaſers. The terms may be known by applying to the ſubſcriber in *Caroline*, or to *Zachariah Taliaferro*, near *Amherſt* court-houſe, who will ſhow the land.

Tf LUNSFORD LOMAX.

ANY perſon having HOUSE SERVANTS, a good COOK, and COACHMAN, to ſell, or hire, may meet with a very genteel offer for the ſame, by inquiring at the Printing Office, *Williamſburg*. 6

To be SOLD,

TWO ſeparate tracts of land: The firſt contains 380 acres, lying on both ſides of the north fork of *Aaron*'s creek, in *Halifax* county; the ſecond contains 780 acres, lying on the upper ſide of *Stoney* creek, in *Dinwiddie* county, and about 18 miles from *Bolling*'s *Point*. Three or more years credit, if required, will be allowed for payment of the ſaid lands, on giving bond, as uſual, to pay the purchaſe money, with intereſt, to

4l THEOPHILUS FIELD.

N. B. Undoubted titles, with warrants, will be made for the above lands by the ſaid *Theophilus Field* of *Prince George* county.

To be SOLD, *at the*

MARLBOROUGH BREWERY,

STRONG BEER and PORTER at 18d. and ALE at 12s. the gallon, *Virginia* currency, in caſk, equal in goodneſs to any that can be imported from any part of the world, as nothing but the genuine beſt MALT and HOPS will be uſed, without any mixture or ſubſtitute whatſoever; which, if the many treaties of brewing publiſhed in *Great Britain* did not mention to be frequently uſed there, the experience of thoſe who have drunk thoſe liquors imported from thence would point out to be the caſe, from their pernicious effects.

The ſevere treatment we have lately received from our Mother Country, would, I ſhould think, be ſufficient to recommend my undertaking (though I ſhould not be able to come up to the *Engliſh* ſtandard, which I do not queſtion conſtantly to do) yet, as I am ſatisfied that the goodneſs of every commodity is its beſt recommendation, I principally rely upon that for my ſucceſs; and my own intereſt, having expended near 8000l. to bring my brewery to its preſent ſtate, is the beſt ſecurity I can give the publick to aſſure them of the beſt uſage, without which ſuch an undertaking cannot be ſupported with credit.

The caſks to be paid for at the rate of 4s. for barrels, 5s. for thoſe between 40 and 50 gallons, and a penny the gallon for all above 50 gallons; but if they are returned in good order, and ſweet, by having been well ſcalded as ſoon as emptied, the price of them ſhall be returned, or diſcounted.

Any perſon who ſends bottles and corks may have them carefully filled and corked with beer or porter at 6s. or with ale at 4s. the dozen. I expect, in a little time, to have a conſtant ſupply of bottles and corks; and if I meet the encouragement I hope for, propoſe ſetting up a glaſs-houſe for making bottles, and to provide proper veſſels to deliver to ſuch cuſtomers as favour me with their orders ſuch liquors as they direct, at the ſeveral landings they deſire, being determined to give all the ſatisfaction in the power of Their moſt humble ſervant,

13 JOHN MERCER.

The well known HORSE

RANTER

WILL cover MARES this ſeaſon at *Marlborough*, in *Stafford* county, *Virginia*, at 40s. the leap, 4l. for the ſeaſon, and 1l. to enſure a colt, *Virginia* currency. The mares will have good paſturage for three months, if left ſo long, but muſt be ſent for at the expiration of that time. There can be no occaſion to give his pedigree, which was done in the *Virginia* Gazette in 1763 and 1764, as his colts in *Virginia* and *Maryland* are a much better recommendation. It will be to no purpoſe to ſend any mares to him without the money, as none will be received on any other terms by

6 ANDREW MONROE.

Mr. *Meeks* keeps a ferry at *Maryland* point, in *Charles* county, from whence thoſe who have no better opportunity may have their mares landed at *Marlborough*. Dollars will be received at 6s. 3d.

WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by *ALEX. PURDIE*, and COMPANY, at the POST-OFFICE; by whom Perſons may be ſupplied with this PAPER. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inſerted for Three Shillings the firſt Week, and Two Shillings each Week after.